

Table. Number and location of pulmonary exacerbation events at children ages 2-12 year from January 1 to May 15 in years 2019 and 2020. P-values are from generalized linear models when data have repeated measures and from Fisher's Exact or Student's t-tests when not.

| | January 1-March 15 | | | March 16-May 15 | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|------------|------------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | P (2019 vs 2020) | 2019 | 2020 | P (2019 vs 2020) |
| Number of PEx event (% of population) | 56 (70%) | 42 (53%) | 0.012 | 35 (44%) | 14 (18%) | <0.001 |
| Location of PEx (N) | | | | | | |
| Hospital | 9 (16.1%) | 7 (16.7%) | .9309 | 4 (11.4%) | 2 (14.3%) | .7637 |
| In person clinic visit | 23 (41.1%) | 11 (26.2%) | .0744 | 15 (42.9%) | 1 (7.1%) | .0066 |
| Telehealth | 0 (0) | 0 (0) | n/a | 0 (0) | 1 (7.1%) | .3135 |
| Phone calls | 24 (42.9%) | 24 (57.1%) | .1313 | 16 (45.7%) | 10 (71.4%) | .0660 |