The Relation with Neutrophil-to- Lymphocyte Ratio and Survival in Patients with Laryngeal Squamous Cell Cancer

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Abstract

Objectives: To analyze the value of neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio (NLR) and anemia on results in patients with laryngeal squamous cell carcinomas (LSCC). Design and setting: The patients were categorized into 2 groups as low and high. The relationship between NLR and anemia overall survival (OS), disease-free survival (DFS), and local regional recurrence-free survival (LRRFS) was investigated. Participants: LSCC patients included. Results: OS and DFS were better in patients in low NLR group. In the multivariate analysis, high NLR was significant indicator of worse OS and DFS. Conclusions: NLR is a biomarker in LSCC.

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Keywords Laryngeal squamous cell carcinoma, Neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio, Radiotherapy