Influence of the Rosenzweig functional response on the dynamics of the Leslie-Gower model

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Abstract

After the well-known classification formulated by Crawford S. Holling in 1959 of the functional responses dependent only of the prey populations, various other have been proposed. In this work a simple Leslie-Gower type predator-prey model is analyzed, incorporating the Rosenzweig functional response described by $h\left(\frac{x\right}{x}\right) = qx^{2}$ with $0<\alpha$. This function does not conform to the types proposed by Holling, since is not bounded. Although this functional response is non-differentiable for x=0, it is proved that the obtained system is Lipschitzian. However, the existence of a separatrix curve γ in the phase plane it is proven, which divides the phase plane en two complementary sectors. According to the relative position of the initial conditions respect to the curve γ in the trajectories can have differents γ omega γ -slimits, which can be the equilibrium γ in the phase plane in the appropriate show the great diffference of this model with the original and well-known Leslie-Gower model (when γ in the cancel of the functional response, it produces a strong change on the dynamics of model. ii) a slightest deviation in the initial population sizes, respect to the curve γ in the cancel of populations or the extinction of both. Numerical simulations are given to endorse our analytical results.

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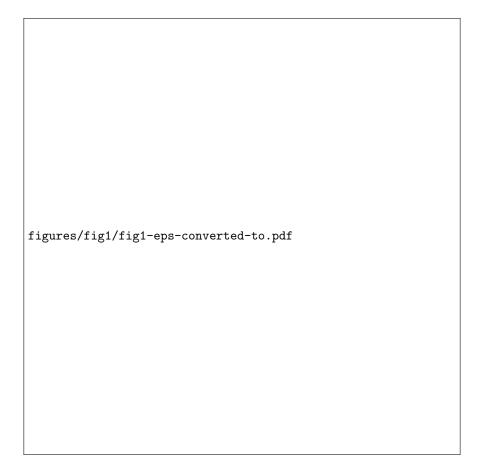


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